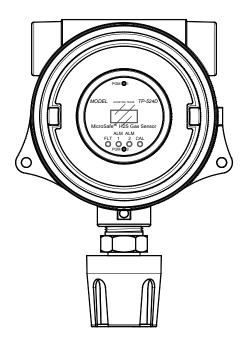
# Instruction Manual Model TP-524D



# **TP-524D Hydrogen Sulfide Sensor**

This manual covers the following ranges: 0-20ppm, 0-50ppm, and 0-100ppm

↑ TELEDYNE DETCON, Inc. 14880 Skinner Road, Cypress, Texas 77429 Phone 713.559.9200 www.teledynegasandflamedetection.com



#### Use and Disclosure of Data

Information contained herein is classified as EAR99 under the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export, reexport or diversion contrary to U.S. law is prohibited.



This page left intentionally blank

TP-524D Instruction Manual



# **Table of Contents**

1.	Intro	duction	1
	1.1	Description	1
	1.2	Modular Mechanical Design	2
2.		llation	
	2.1	ATEX Operational Guidelines for Safe Use	4
	2.2	Sensor Placement	5
	2.3	Sensor Contaminants and Interference	6
	2.4	Mounting Installation	7
	2.5	Electrical Installation	7
	2.6	Field Wiring	9
	2.7	Initial Start Up	. 10
3.	Oper	ation	12
	3.1	Programming Magnet Operating Instructions	. 12
	3.2	Operator Interface	. 13
	3.3	Normal Operation	. 15
	3.4	Calibration Mode (AutoSpan)	
	3.5	Program Mode	. 17
	3.5.1		
	3.5.2	1	
	3.5.3	8	
	3.5.4		
	3.5.5	Signal Output Check	. 21
	3.5.6	•	
	3.5.7	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}$	
	3.5.8	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{U}}$	
	3.6	Program Features	
	3.6.1	1	
	3.6.2	6	
4.		ice and Maintenance	
5.		bleshooting Guide	
6.		omer Support and Service Policy	
7.		24D Sensor Warranty	
8.	1 1	endix	
	8.1	Specifications	
	8.2	Spare Parts, Sensor Accessories, Calibration Equipment	
9.	Revi	sion Log	36



# **Table of Figures**

Figure 1 Sensor Assembly Front View	
Figure 2 Circuit Functional Block Diagram	
Figure 3 Transmitter Module	
Figure 4 Field Replaceable H <sub>2</sub> S Sensor	
Figure 5 Base Connector Board	
Figure 6 TP 524D ATEX Approval Labels	4
Figure 7 Typical Outline and Mounting Dimensions	
Figure 8 Typical Installation	
Figure 9 Sensor Connector PCB	
Figure 10 Magnetic Programming Tool	
Figure 11 Magnetic Programming Switches	
Figure 12 TP-524D Software Flowchart	
Figure 13 Replaceable H <sub>2</sub> S Sensor	
List of Tables	
Table 1 Cross Interference Gases	6
Table 2 Wire Gauge vs. Distance	9



# 1. Introduction

# 1.1 Description

Teledyne Detcon Model TP-524D hydrogen sulfide sensors are non-intrusive "Smart" sensors designed to detect and monitor H<sub>2</sub>S in air. Ranges of detection are 0-20ppm, 0-50ppm, and 0-100ppm. The sensor features an LED display of current reading, fault, and calibration status. The Sensor is equipped with a standard analog 4-20mA output. A primary feature of the sensor is its method of automatic calibration, which guides the user through each step via fully scripted instructions displayed on the LED display.

The microprocessor-supervised electronics are packaged as a plug-in replaceable Transmitter Module that is housed in an explosion proof junction box. The Transmitter Module includes a four character alpha/numeric LED used to display sensor readings, and the sensor's menu driven features when the hand-held programming magnet is used.

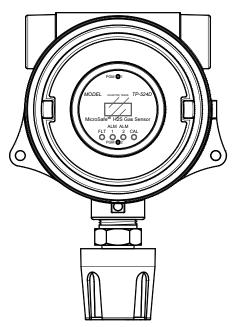
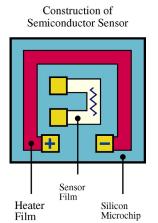


Figure 1 Sensor Assembly Front View

#### Solid State H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor Technology

The sensor technology is a patented solid-state mixed metal oxide semiconductor. The sensor consists of two thin films, a temperature sensitive heater film, and a hydrogen sulfide sensitive sensor film. Both films are deposited on a silicon microchip by vacuum deposition. The heater film elevates the operating temperature of the sensor film to a level where a good sensitivity and response to hydrogen sulfide is achieved. The sensor film is a proprietary mixed metal oxide that shows an extremely stable and dynamic response to hydrogen sulfide gas.

Range of sensitivity is from parts per billion to percent by volume. The rugged sensor is capable of maintaining its operating characteristics for periods of up to 7-10 years in most industrial environments and as such, is supported by a 10-year conditional warranty.



TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 1 of 37



#### **Principle of Operation**

Method of detection is by diffusion/adsorption. Air and  $H_2S$  diffuse through a sintered stainless steel filter (flame arrestor) and contact the heated surface of the metal oxide sensor film. As hydrogen sulfide gas molecules react with oxygen ions on the film, there is a decrease in electrical resistance proportional to the gas concentration. The heater film elevates the temperature of the sensor film creating convection and promoting a quick response to changing gas concentrations. Electronically, the heater film is used to maintain a constant temperature of the sensor film enhancing stability and repeatability. The sensor response is reversible and results in continuous monitoring of ambient air conditions.

### 1.2 Modular Mechanical Design

The Model TP-524D Sensor Assembly is completely modular and is made up of four parts:

- 1) TP-524D Plug-in Transmitter
- 2) Field Replaceable H<sub>2</sub>S Gas Sensor
- 3) Connector PCB
- 4) Splash Guard.

#### **TP-524D Plug-in Transmitter**

The Plug-in Transmitter Module is a microprocessor-based package that plugs into the connector board located in the explosion proof junction box. Circuit functions include extensive I/O circuit protection, sensor preamplifier, sensor temperature control, on-board power supplies, microprocessor, LED display, magnetic programming switches, and a linear 4-20mA DC output. Magnetic program switches located on either side of the LED Display are activated via a hand-held magnetic programming tool, thus allowing non-intrusive operator interface with the Transmitter Module. Calibration can be accomplished without declassifying the area. Electrical classifications are Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D.

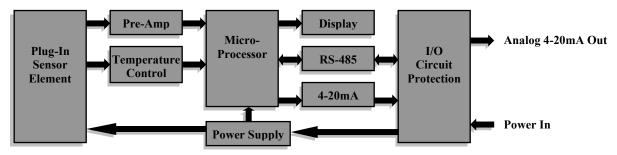


Figure 2 Circuit Functional Block Diagram



Figure 3 Transmitter Module

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 2 of 37



#### Field Replaceable Sensor

The Teledyne Detcon solid-state H<sub>2</sub>S gas sensor is a field proven, replaceable type sensor. It can be accessed and replaced in the field by removing the wiring from the connector PCB, and unthreading the Sensor from the junction box. The Teledyne Detcon solid state H<sub>2</sub>S sensor has an infinite shelf life and is supported by a 10 year, industry-leading warranty.

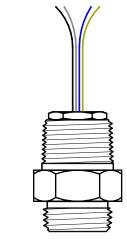


Figure 4 Field Replaceable H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor

NOTE: The Field Replaceable H<sub>2</sub>S Gas Sensor is constructed from 316 Stainless Steel in order to maximize corrosion resistance in harsh environments.

#### **Base Connector PCB**

The base connector board is mounted in the Junction Box. The connector board includes Lug less terminal connections for incoming power and MA output, and connections for the H2S Replaceable Sensor.

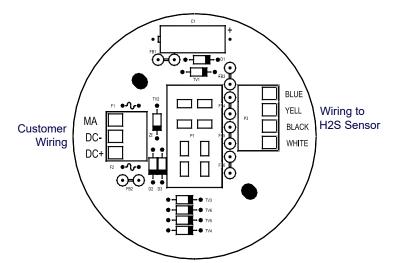


Figure 5 Base Connector Board

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 3 of 37



# 2. Installation

# 2.1 ATEX Operational Guidelines for Safe Use

1. Install sensor only in areas with classifications matching with those described on the approval label. Follow all warnings listed on the label.

2.

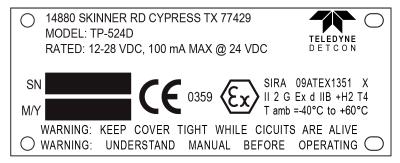


Figure 6 TP 524D ATEX Approval Labels

- 3. Ensure that the sensor is properly mounted in a vertical orientation with the sensor facing down. When applying Teflon tape, do not apply to all threads only use enough to make a good seal (covering about ½ the threads is sufficient). A metal to metal connection is required to ensure earth ground continuity for electrical safety.
- 4. Use 3/4" NPT plugs properly rated for hazardous locations to block any unused connections
- 5. Removal of the Junction box cover or threaded sensor housing (399-800000-000) violates the Ex d protection method and hence power must be removed from the sensor prior its safe removal.
- 6. Proper precautions should be taken during installation and maintenance to avoid the build-up of static charge on the plastic components of the sensor. These include the splashguard and splashguard adapter.
- 7. Do not operate the sensor outside of the stated operating temperature limits.
- 8. Do not operate the sensor outside the stated operating limits for voltage supply.
- 9. These sensors meet EN60079-0, EN60079-1.

#### Calibration/Bump Test Following Ingress Protection Events

Although the Model TP-524D/624D detector models are designed for IP 66 Ingress Protection, it is a mandatory requirement from the ISA 92.00.01-2010 Performance Standard that this device requires that a gas bump test or span calibration is performed shortly after any event where the conditions of IP66 level ingresses have been presented to the detector. An example would be after an extreme wash-down event, or after sustained and concentrated dust exposure event. In these cases, the unit must be confirmed to be reading accurately before safe operation is restored.

**NOTE**: It is mandatory to bump test or span calibrate the detector following field situations where exposures to IP 66 level ingresses from dust or water have been presented.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 4 of 37



#### 2.2 Sensor Placement

Selection of sensor location is critical to the overall safe performance of the product. Five factors play an important role in selection of sensor locations:

- (1) Density of the gas to be detected
- (2) Most probable leak sources within the industrial process
- (3) Ventilation or prevailing wind conditions
- (4) Personnel exposure
- (5) Maintenance access
- (6) Additional Placement Considerations

#### **Density**

Placement of sensors relative to the density of the target gas is such that sensors for the detection of heavier than air gases should be located within 4 feet of grade as these heavy gases will tend to settle in low lying areas. For gases lighter than air, sensor placement should be 4-8 feet above grade in open areas or in pitched areas of enclosed spaces.

**Note:** H<sub>2</sub>S is heavier than air.

#### **Leak Sources**

The most probable leak sources within an industrial process include flanges, valves, and tubing connections of the sealed type where seals may either fail or wear. Other leak sources are best determined by facility engineers with experience in similar processes.

#### Ventilation

Normal ventilation or prevailing wind conditions can dictate efficient location of gas sensors in a manner where the migration of gas clouds is quickly detected.

#### Personnel Exposure

The undetected migration of gas clouds should not be allowed to approach concentrated personnel areas such as control rooms, maintenance or warehouse buildings. A more general and applicable thought toward selecting sensor location is combining leak source and perimeter protection in the best possible configuration.

#### **Maintenance Access**

Consideration should be given to providing easy access for maintenance personnel. Consideration should also be given to the consequences of close proximity to contaminants that may foul the sensor prematurely.

**NOTE:** In all installations the gas sensor should point straight down (refer to Figure 8). Improper sensor orientation may result in false readings and permanent sensor damage.

#### **Additional Placement Considerations**

The sensor should not be positioned where it may be sprayed or coated with surface contaminating substances. Painting sensor assemblies is prohibited.

Although the sensor is designed to be RFI resistant, it should not be mounted in close proximity to high-powered radio transmitters or similar RFI generating equipment.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 5 of 37



When possible mount in an area void of high wind, accumulating dust, rain, or splashing from hose spray, direct steam releases, and continuous vibration. If the sensor cannot be mounted away from these conditions then make sure the Teledyne Detcon Harsh Location Dust Guard accessory is used.

Do not mount in locations where temperatures will exceed the operating temperature limits of the sensor. Where direct sunlight leads to exceeding the high temperature-operating limit, use a sunshade to help reduce temperature.

#### 2.3 Sensor Contaminants and Interference

Solid State H<sub>2</sub>S sensors may be adversely affected by exposure to certain airborne substances. Loss of sensitivity or corrosion may be gradual if such materials are present in sufficient concentrations.

The more common materials that potentially cause problems with the sensors are as follows:

Silicone vapors such as those found in greases and lubricants
Halide Compounds containing Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide, Fluorine, HF, HCl, and Bromine
Caustic and Acid liquids and concentrated vapors
Heavy metals such as tetraethyl lead
Heavy and complex VOC gasses

The presence of such contaminants in an area does not preclude the use of this H<sub>2</sub>S sensor technology, although it is likely that the sensor lifetime will be shorter as a result. Use of this sensor in these environments may require more frequent calibration checks to ensure safe system performance.

Solid State H<sub>2</sub>S sensors require O<sub>2</sub> in the background gas and the reading is affected by changing O<sub>2</sub> levels.

#### **Interference Data**

There are some gases typically found in industrial environments that can cause a cross-interference response on the sensor. See the Table below for some examples.

GAS	PPM	GAS	PPM
Methane	25,000 = 0	Ammonia	500 = 1
Ethane	5,000 = 0	Diesel Fuel	1000 = 0
Hexane	5,000 = 0	Dimethyl Sulfide	4.4 = 0
Propane	5,000 = 0	Ethylene	200 = 0
Butane	5,000 = 0	Freon 12	1,000 = 0
Carbon Monoxide	1% = 0	Hydrogen	5% = 0
Carbon Dioxide	5,000 = 0	Methyl Mercaptan	10 = 0
Carbon Disulfide	14 = 0	Sulfur Dioxide	300 = 0
Methanol	500 = 5	Toluene	32 = 0
Isopropanol	500 = 3	Ethanol	500 = 5

Table 1 Cross Interference Gases

**NOTE:** The Teledyne Detcon MOS Sensor Cell can be damaged to the point of non-functioning if the unit is left off power and in the presence normal air levels of moisture for periods exceeding 8 hours.

**NOTE:** Always protect the sensor cell with the Teledyne Detcon Sealing Cap and a fresh desiccant packet when the sensor is powered off, this will avoid permanent sensor cell damage and help preserve the span calibration.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 6 of 37



### 2.4 Mounting Installation

The TP-524D should be vertically oriented so that the sensor points straight downward. The explosion-proof enclosure or junction box would then typically be mounted on a wall or pole (See Figure 7). Teledyne Detcon provides a selection of standard junction boxes in both Aluminum and Stainless Steel.

**NOTE:** Do not use Teflon Tape or any other type of Pipe Thread material on the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" threads unless the unit is mounted in a severe or harsh environment. Metal-on-metal contact must be maintained to provide a solid electrical ground path. If Teflon Tape is used the Sensor *must* be externally grounded using a ground strap.

When mounting on a pole, secure the Junction Box to a suitable mounting plate and attach the mounting plate to the pole using U-Bolts. (Pole-Mounting brackets for Teledyne Detcon Junction Box's are available separately.)

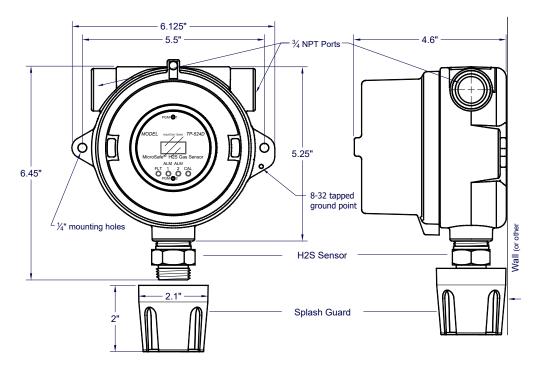


Figure 7 Typical Outline and Mounting Dimensions

#### 2.5 Electrical Installation

The Sensor Assembly should be installed in accordance with local electrical codes. The sensor assemblies are FM and CSA/NRTL approved (US and Canada) for Class I, Division 1, Groups C, & D area classifications.

Proper electrical installation of the gas sensor is critical for conformance to Electrical Codes and to avoid damage due to water leakage. Refer to Figure 8 and Figure 9 for proper electrical installation.

**NOTE:** If a conduit run exits the secondary port, repeat the installation technique shown in Figure 8.

In Figure 8, the drain allows H<sub>2</sub>O condensation inside the conduit run to safely drain away from the sensor assembly. The electrical seal fitting is required to meet the National Electrical Code per NEC Article 500-3d (or Canadian Electrical Code Handbook Part 1 Section 18-154). Requirements for locations of electrical seals

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 7 of 37



are covered under NEC Article 501-5. Electrical seals also act as a secondary seal to prevent water from entering the wiring terminal enclosure. However, they are not designed to provide an absolute watertight seal, especially when used in the vertical orientation.

**NOTE:** For products utilizing the aluminum junction box option, the conduit seal shall be placed at the entry to the junction box (see Figure 8 as an example). For products utilizing the stainless steel junction box option, the conduit seal shall be placed within 18" of the enclosure. Crouse Hinds type EYS2, EYD2 or equivalent are suitable for this purpose.

**NOTE:** The Teledyne Detcon Warranty does not cover water damage resulting from water leaking into the enclosure.

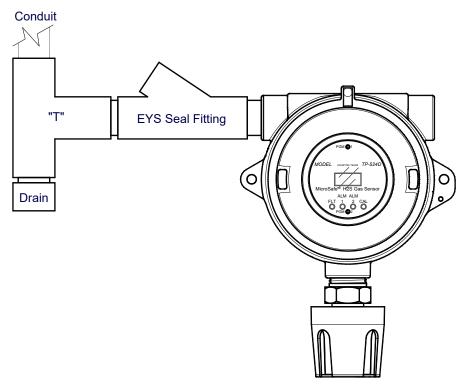


Figure 8 Typical Installation

**NOTE:** Any unused ports should be blocked with suitable <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" male NPT plugs. Teledyne Detcon supplies one <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" NPT male plug with each J-box enclosure. If connections are other than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" NPT, use an appropriate male plug of like construction material.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 8 of 37



# 2.6 Field Wiring

Teledyne Detcon Model TP-524D solid-state H<sub>2</sub>S sensor assemblies require three conductor connections between power supplies and host electronic controller's 4-20mA output. A 250 ohm load resistor is needed on the 4-20 mA line when it is not being used. Wiring designations are DC+, DC-, MA (sensor signal). The maximum wire length between sensor and 24VDC source is shown in the Table below. The maximum wire size for termination in the Junction Box is 14 AWG.

AWG	Wire Dia.	Meters	Feet	Over-Current Protection
22	0.723mm	700	2080	3A
20	0.812mm	1120	3350	5A
18	1.024mm	1750	5250	7A
16	1.291mm	2800	8400	10A
14	1.628mm	4480	13,440	20A

Table 2 Wire Gauge vs. Distance

**NOTE 1:** Wiring table is based on stranded tinned copper wire and is designed to serve as a reference only.

**NOTE 2:** Shielded cable is required for installations where cable trays or conduit runs include high voltage lines or other possible sources of induced interference. Separate conduit runs are highly recommended in these cases.

**NOTE 3:** The supply of power should be from an isolated source with over-current protection as stipulated in table.

NOTE 4: A 250 ohm load resistor is needed on the 4-20 mA line when it is not being used.

#### **Terminal Connections**



*CAUTION*: Do not apply System power to the sensor until all wiring is properly terminated. Refer to Section 2.7 Initial Start Up

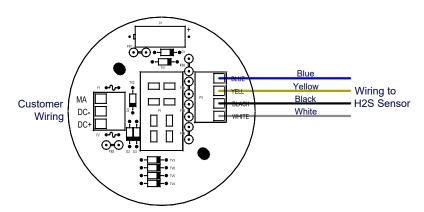


Figure 9 Sensor Connector PCB

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 9 of 37



- a) Remove the junction box cover and unplug the Transmitter Module. Identify the terminal blocks for customer wire connections.
- b) Observing correct polarity, terminate the 3-conductor 4-20mA field wiring (DC+, DC-, and MA) to the sensor assembly wiring in accordance with the detail shown in Figure 9.
- c) Trim all exposed wire leads if they are not permanently landed in the terminal block.
- d) Plug the Transmitter Module into the connector PCB and replace the junction box cover.

**NOTE**: A 6-32 or 8-32 threaded exterior ground point is provided on most junction boxes for an external ground. If the Sensor Assembly is not mechanically grounded, an external ground strap *must* be used to ensure that the sensor is electrically grounded.

# 2.7 Initial Start Up

Upon completion of all mechanical mounting and termination of all field wiring, apply system power 24VDC (typical) and observe the following normal conditions:

- a) TP-524D display reads "0", and no fault messages are flashing.
- b) A temporary upscale reading may occur as the sensor heats up. This upscale reading will decrease to "0" ppm within 1-2 minutes of power-up, assuming there is no gas in the area of the sensor.

NOTE: The 4-20mA signal is held constant at 4mA for the first two minutes after power up.

c) Remove the desiccant cap about 10 minutes after applying power to the sensor and install the weatherproof splashguard accessory supplied with the sensor.

**NOTE:** A desiccant cap with a desiccant packet is attached to the sensor cell housing to avoid damage during storage and shipping. This prevents water from contacting the sensor film, and as a result helps to retain the stability of the factory span calibration.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Do not remove the desiccant cap and cover until power is applied to the sensor. Store the desiccant caps with the desiccant packets in a sealed container (i.e. ziplock Bag) for future use. It is mandatory to reinstall the desiccant cap and packet during any periods without power lasting more than 1 hour. An active desiccant packet is blue in color and turns pink when consumed. (re-order P/N 960-240010-000). Do not use the desiccant packet if it is pink in color, order new packets as required.

### **Initial Operational Tests**

After a warm up period of 1 hour, the sensor should be checked to verify sensitivity to H<sub>2</sub>S gas.

#### **Material Requirements**

- Teledyne Detcon PN 600-610000-000 Splash Guard with integral Cal Port -OR-
- Teledyne Detcon PN 943-000006-038 Threaded Calibration Adapter
- Teledyne Detcon PN 942-010112-025 Span Gas; 25ppm  $H_2S$  in balance Air at fixed flow rate between 200 500cc/min (10ppm for 0-20ppm range)
- Teledyne Detcon PN 985-241100-321 In-Line Humidifying Tube

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 10 of 37



**NOTE**: Do not use H<sub>2</sub>S in Nitrogen background gas mixtures. This will cause significant reading inaccuracies.

- a) Connect the In-Line Humidifying Tube between the cal gas cylinder and the sensor. The humidifying tube will introduce the ambient relative humidity into the Cal Gas as it passes through the tube.
- b) Attach the calibration adapter to the threaded sensor housing. Apply the test gas at a controlled flow rate of 200 500cc/min (200cc/min is the recommended flow). Allow 1-2 minutes for the reading to stabilize. Observe that during the 1-2 minutes the display increases to a level near that of the applied calibration gas value.
- c) Remove test gas and observe that the display decreases to "0".

Initial operational tests are complete. Teledyne Detcon H<sub>2</sub>S gas sensors are factory calibrated prior to shipment, and should not require significant adjustment on start up. However, it is recommended that a complete calibration test and adjustment be performed 16 to 24 hours after power-up. Refer to span calibration instructions in Section 3.4.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 11 of 37



# 3. Operation

### 3.1 Programming Magnet Operating Instructions

The Operator Interface of the Model 700 Series gas sensors is accomplished via two internal magnetic switches located above and below the LED display (Figure 11). The two switches, labeled "PGM1" and "PGM2", allow for complete calibration and configuration, thereby eliminating the need for area declassification or the use of hot permits.



Figure 10 Magnetic Programming Tool

The magnetic programming tool (Figure 10) is used to operate the magnetic switches. Switch action is defined as momentary contact, 3-second hold, and 10-second hold. (Hold times are defined as the time from the point when the arrow prompt "\rightarrow" appears.) For momentary contact use, the programming magnet is briefly held over a switch location. For 3-second hold, the programming magnet is held in place over the switch location for three seconds. For 10-second hold, the programming magnet is held in place over the switch location for 10 seconds. The 3 and 10 second holds are generally used to enter calibration/program menus and save new data. The momentary contact is generally used to move between menu items and to modify set-point values. Arrows ("\rightarrow" and "\rightarrow") are used on the LED display to indicate when the magnetic switches are activated. The location of "PGM1" and "PGM2" are shown in Figure 11.

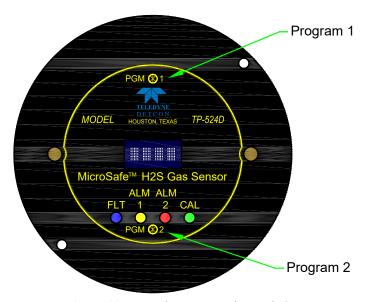


Figure 11 Magnetic Programming Switches

**NOTE**: While in the Program Mode, if there is no magnetic switch interaction after 4 consecutive menu scrolls, the sensor will automatically revert to normal operating condition. While changing values inside menu items, if there is no magnet activity after 3-4 seconds the sensor will revert to the menu scroll.

(Exception to this is with "Signal Output Check" mode.)

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 12 of 37



# 3.2 Operator Interface

The operating interface is menu-driven via the two magnetic program switches located under the target marks of the sensor housing. The two switches are referred to as "PGM1" and "PGM2". The menu list consists of three major items that include sub-menus as indicated below. (Refer to the complete Software Flow Chart.)

#### **Normal Operation**

Current Reading and Fault Status

#### **Calibration Mode**

AutoSpan

#### **Program Mode**

View Sensor Status

Sensor Model Type

**Current Software Version** 

Range of Detection

AutoSpan Level

Days Since Last AutoSpan

Remaining Sensor Life

Sensor Heater Power

Sensor Heater Voltage

Raw Sensor Resistance

mA Output

Input Voltage Supply

Sensor Temperature

Alarm 1 Level

Alarm 1 Ascending

Alarm 1 Latching

Alarm 2 Level

Alarm 2 Ascending

Alarm 2 Latching

Fault Latching

Set AutoSpan Level

Set Range

Set Heater Power

Signal Output Check

Restore Default Settings

Alarm 1 Settings

Alarm 2 Settings

**Fault Settings** 



#### **Software Flowchart**

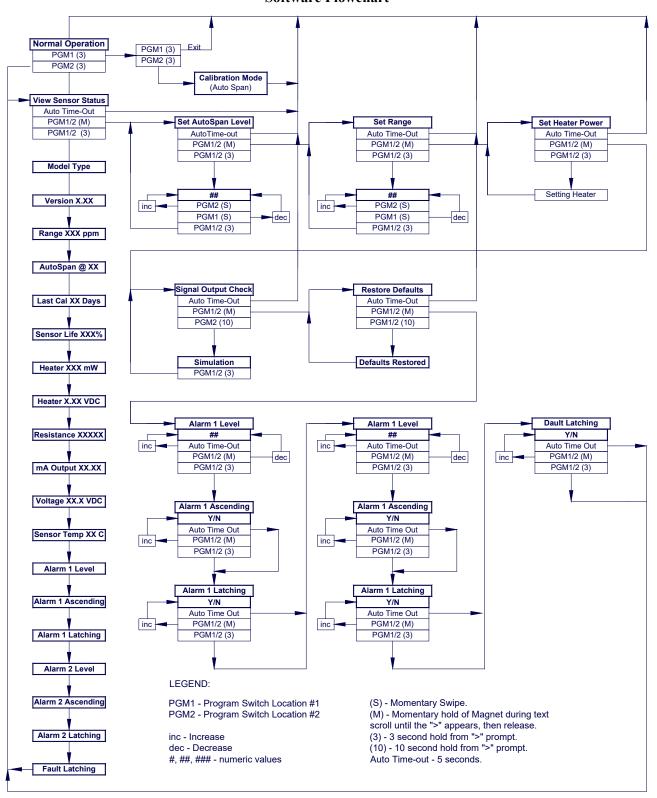


Figure 12 TP-524D Software Flowchart



# 3.3 Normal Operation

In normal operation, the display continuously shows the current sensor reading, which will normally appear as "0". Once every minute, the LED display will flash the sensor's units of measure and the gas type (i.e. ppm H<sub>2</sub>S). If the sensor is actively experiencing any diagnostic faults, a "Fault Detected" message will scroll across the display on the display once every minute instead of the units of measure and the gas type. At any time, while the sensor is in "Fault Detected" mode, PGM1 or PGM2 can be swiped to prompt the sensor to display a list of the active faults.

In normal operation, the 4-20mA current output linearity corresponds with the full-scale range.

# 3.4 Calibration Mode (AutoSpan)

Calibration Mode allows for sensor span calibration. Span calibration should be performed on a routine basis (quarterly minimum) to ensure reliable performance. If a sensor has been exposed to any de-sensitizing gases or to very high over-range H<sub>2</sub>S levels, then a re-calibration should be considered. Unless otherwise specified, span adjustment is recommended at 25ppm for the 0-100 and 0-50ppm ranges (and 10ppm for 0-20ppm range). This function is called "AUTO SPAN."

#### **Material Requirements:**

- Teledyne Detcon PN 327-000000-000 MicroSafe™ Programming Magnet
- Teledyne Detcon PN 600-610000-000 Splash Guard with integral Cal Port -OR-
- Teledyne Detcon PN 943-000006-038 Threaded Calibration Adapter
- Teledyne Detcon PN 985-241100-321 In-Line Humidifying Tube
- Teledyne Detcon PN 942-010112-025 H<sub>2</sub>S Span Gas (recommended) or other suitable span gas source containing H<sub>2</sub>S gas in air balance. A fixed flow rate of 200-500cc/min is recommended.

**NOTE 1:** Before performing AutoSpan Calibration, verify that the AutoSpan level matches the span calibration gas concentration as described in Section 3.5.2 Set AutoSpan Level.

**NOTE 2:** The span gas source must have a normal background concentration of 20.9% O2 (H<sub>2</sub>S balanced with Air). Pure Nitrogen background mixtures are not acceptable! Significant span calibration inaccuracies will result.

**NOTE 3:** An H<sub>2</sub>S gas concentration of 25ppm is strongly recommended for 0-50 and 0-100ppm ranges (10ppm span gas for 0-20ppm range). This should be supplied at a controlled flow rate of 200 to 500cc/min, with 200cc/min being the recommended flow rate. Other concentrations can be used if as they fall within allowable levels.

**NOTE 4**: Span gas bottles contain 0% humidity and this ultra-low humidity condition will cause inaccurate readings when used to calibrate a sensor. To prevent this error, Teledyne Detcon prescribes the use of a 24" flexible In-Line Humidifying Tube, which adds the relative humidity to the span gas. The humidifying tube is not necessary when using a gas generating calibration device that consists of pumped ambient air and an H<sub>2</sub>S generating source.



<u>CAUTION:</u> Verification that the calibration gas level setting matches the calibration span gas concentration is required before executing "AutoSpan" calibration. These two numbers must be equal.

AutoSpan consists of entering Calibration Mode and following the menu-displayed instructions. The display will ask for the application of span gas in a specific concentration. The applied gas concentration must be equal to the calibration gas level setting. The factory default setting and recommendation for span gas

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 15 of 37



concentration is 10ppm for the 0-20ppm range and 25ppm for the 0-50ppm and 0-100ppm ranges. If a span gas containing the recommended concentration is not available, other concentrations may be used as long as they fall between 10% and 50% of selected full-scale range. However, any alternate span gas concentration value must be programmed into the sensor via the "Set AutoSpan Level" menu before proceeding with AutoSpan calibration. Follow the instructions "a" through "e" below for AutoSpan calibration.

- a) Verify that the AutoSpan Level is equal to the Calibration Span Gas Concentration. (Refer to View Sensor Status in Section 3.5.1.) If the AutoSpan Level is not equal to the Calibration span gas concentration, adjust the AutoSpan Level as instructed in Section 3.5.2 Set AutoSpan Level.
- b) From Normal Operation, enter Calibration Mode by holding the programming magnet over PGM1 for 3 seconds. Note, the "\nabla" prompt will show that the magnetic switch is activated during the 3 second hold period. The display will then scroll "PGM1=Exit PGM2=Span". Hold the programming magnet over PGM2 for 3 seconds to execute AutoSpan (or allow to timeout in 5 seconds if AutoSpan is not intended). The display will then scroll "Apply XX ppm Gas".

**NOTE:** Upon entering Calibration Mode, the 4-20mA signal drops to 2mA and is held at this level until the program returns to normal operation.

c) Apply the span calibration test gas via the In-Line Humidifying Tube at a flow rate of 200-500cc/min (200cc/min is the recommended flow rate). As the sensor signal begins to increase the display will switch to reporting "XX" reading as the display shows the sensor's "as found" response to the span gas presented. If it fails to meet the minimum in-range signal change criteria within 2½ minutes, the display will report "Range Fault" twice and the sensor will return to normal operation, aborting the AutoSpan sequence. The sensor will continue to report a "Range Fault" and will not clear the fault until a successful AutoSpan is completed.

Assuming acceptable sensor signal change, after 3 minutes the reading will auto-adjust to the programmed AutoSpan level. During the next 30 seconds, the AutoSpan sequence checks the sensor for acceptable reading stability. If the sensor fails the stability check, the reading is re-adjusted back to the AutoSpan level and the cycle repeats until the stability check is passed. Up to three additional, 30-second stability check periods are allowed before the sensor reports a "Stability Fault" and returns to normal operation, aborting the AutoSpan sequence. The sensor will continue to report a "Stability Fault" and will not clear the fault until a successful AutoSpan is completed.

If the sensor passes the stability check, the sensor reports a series of messages:

- "AutoSpan Complete"
- "Sensor Life XXX%"
- "Remove Span Gas"
- d) Remove the span gas and calibration adapter. The display will report a live reading as the sensor clears toward "0". When the reading clears below 8ppm, the sensor will display "Span Complete" and will revert to normal operation. If the sensor fails to clear to less than 8ppm within 5 minutes, a "Clearing Fault" will be reported and the sensor will return to normal operation, aborting the AutoSpan sequence. The sensor will continue to report a "Clearing Fault" and will not clear the fault until a successful AutoSpan is completed.
- e) AutoSpan calibration is complete.

**NOTE 1**: If the sensor fails the minimum signal change criteria, a "Range Fault" will be declared and a "Fault Detected" message will be displayed alternately with the sensor's current reading. The 4-20mA output will be taken to 0mA.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 16 of 37



**NOTE 2**: If the sensor fails the stability criteria, a "**Stability Fault**" will be declared and a "Fault Detected" message will be displayed alternately with the sensor's current reading. The 4-20mA output will be taken to 0mA.

**NOTE 3**: If the sensor fails the clearing time criteria, a "Clearing Fault" will be declared and a "Fault Detected" message will be displayed alternately with the sensor's current reading. The 4-20mA output will be taken to 0mA.

**NOTE 4**: The most common cause of "**Range Fault**" and "**Stability Fault**" is the improper storage of the unit / sensor cell. When the sensor power is removed for any period of time, the sensor cell should be protected with a Desiccant Pack (P/N 960-240010-000) and covered by the Dust Cap (P/N 600-003307-000)

#### **Calibration/Bump Test Following Ingress Protection Events**

Although the Model TP-524D/624D detector models are designed for IP 66 Ingress Protection, it is a mandatory requirement from the ISA 92.00.01-2010 Performance Standard that this device requires that a gas bump test or span calibration is performed shortly after any event where the conditions of IP66 ingress have been presented to the detector. An example would be after an extreme wash-down event, or after sustained and concentrated dust exposure event. In these cases, the unit must be confirmed to be reading accurately before safe operation is restored.

**NOTE**: It is mandatory to bump test or span calibrate the detector following field situations where exposures to IP 66 level ingresses from dust or water have been presented.

# 3.5 Program Mode

Program Mode provides a "View Sensor Status" menu to check operational and configuration parameters. Program Mode provides for adjustment of the AutoSpan Level, Sensor Range, and Heater Power. Additionally, Program Mode includes the diagnostic functions "Signal Output Check" and "Restore Factory Defaults".

The Program Mode menu items appear in the order presented below:

View Sensor Status Set AutoSpan Level Set Range Set Heater Power Signal Output Check Restore Default Settings Alarm 1 Settings Alarm 2 Settings Fault Settings

#### **Navigating Program Mode**

From Normal Operation, enter Program Mode by holding the magnet over PGM2 for 4 seconds (until the displays starts to scroll "View Sensor Status"). Note, the "p" prompt will show that the magnetic switch is activated during the 4 second hold period. The sensor will enter Program Mode and the display will display the first menu item "View Sensor Status". To advance to the next menu item, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 while the current menu item's text is scrolling. At the conclusion of the text scroll the arrow prompt ("p" for PGM2 or "q" for PGM1) will appear, immediately remove the magnet. The display will advance to

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 17 of 37



the next menu item. Repeat this process until the desired menu item is displayed. Note, PGM1 moves the menu items from right to left and PGM2 moves the menu items from left to right.

To enter a menu item, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 while the menu item is scrolling. At the conclusion of the text scroll the "†" prompt ("†" for PGM2 or "†" for PGM1) will appear, continue to hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for an additional 3-4 seconds to enter the selected menu item. If there is no magnet activity while the menu item text is scrolling (typically 4 repeated text scrolls), the sensor will automatically revert to Normal Operation.

#### 3.5.1 View Sensor Status

View Sensor Status displays all current configuration and operational parameters including: sensor type, software version number, detection range, AutoSpan level, and Days since last AutoSpan, estimated remaining sensor life, heater power, heater voltage, raw resistance, mA output, input voltage, and sensor ambient temperature.

From the **View Sensor Status** text scroll, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "p" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds (until the display starts to scroll "Status Is"). The display will scroll the complete list of sensor status parameters sequentially:

#### **Sensor Model Type**

The menu item appears as: "TP-524D"

#### **Current Software Version**

The menu item appears as: "V X.XXZ"

#### **Range of Detection**

The menu item appears as: "Range XXXppm"

#### AutoSpan Level.

The menu item appears as: "Auto Span Level XXppm"

#### Days Since Last AutoSpan

The menu items appears as: "Last Cal XX days"

#### **Remaining Sensor Life**

The menu item appears as: "Sensor Life 100%"

#### **Sensor Heater Power**

The menu item appears as: "Heater XXXmW"

#### **Sensor Heater Voltage**

The menu item appears as: "Heater X.XXVDC

#### **Raw Sensor Resistance**

The menu item appears as: "Resistance XXXXX"



#### mA Output

The menu item appears as: "mA Output XX.XX mA"

#### Input Voltage Supply

The menu item appears as: "Voltage XX.X VDC"

#### **Operating Temperature**

The menu item appears as: "Temp XX C"

#### Alarm 1 Level

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 1 Level XX"

#### **Alarm 1 Ascending**

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 1 Ascending or Descending"

#### **Alarm 1 Latching**

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 1 Latching or Non-Latching"

#### Alarm 2 Level

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 2 Level XX"

#### Alarm 2 Ascending

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 2 Ascending or Descending"

#### **Alarm 2 Latching**

The menu item appears as: "Alarm 2 Latching or Non-Latching"

#### **Fault Latching**

The menu item appears as: "Fault Latching or Non-Latching"

When the status list sequence is complete, the display will revert to the "View Sensor Status" text scroll. The user can either: 1) review list again by executing another 3-4 second hold, 2) move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold over PGM1 or PGM2, or 3) return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "View Sensor Status" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

#### 3.5.2 Set AutoSpan Level

**Set AutoSpan Level** is used to set the span gas concentration level that is being used to calibrate the sensor. This level is adjustable from 10% to 50% of selected full-scale range. The current setting can be viewed in View Program Status.

The menu item appears as: "Set AutoSpan Level".

From the **Set AutoSpan Level** text scroll, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "p" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds (until the display starts to scroll "Set Level"). The display will switch to "XX" (where XX is the current gas level). Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 to increase or PGM1 to decrease the AutoSpan Level until the correct level is displayed. When

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 19 of 37



the correct level is achieved, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3-4 seconds to accept the new value. The display will scroll "Level Saved", and revert to "Set AutoSpan Level" text scroll.

Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Set AutoSpan Level" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

#### 3.5.3 Set Range

**Set Range** is used to change full-scale ranges. This is selectable between 0-20, 0-50, and 0-100ppm. The current range can be viewed in View Sensor Status using instruction given in Section 3.5.1 View Sensor Status.

The menu item appears as: "Set Range".

From the "Set Range" text scroll, hold the programming magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the ")" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds (until the display starts to scroll "Set Range"). The display will then switch to "XXX"(where XXX is the current Range). Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 to increase or PGM1 to decrease the range Level until the desired range is displayed. Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value. The display will scroll "Range Saved", and revert to "Set Range" text scroll.

Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Set Range" 7 times and then return to Normal Operation).

NOTE: When switching between ranges, it may be necessary to readjust the AutoSpan Level.

#### 3.5.4 Set Heater Power

Set Heater Power is used to set the each  $H_2S$  sensor to the optimum operating temperature. This function is performed during factory calibration of each TP-524D sensor assembly, and is not necessary during installation. However, it is necessary to perform in the field if the plug-in  $H_2S$  sensor is replaced, mounted remotely from the Transmitter Module, or if the Restore Factory Defaults function has been executed.

The menu item appears as: "Set Heater Power".

**NOTE**: "Set Heater Power" is only necessary after new plug-in  $H_2S$  sensor installation, mounted remotely from the Transmitter Module, or after use of the "Restore Factory Defaults" function. A full 3-4 second magnet hold on PGM1 or PGM 2 is required to execute this function.

From the "Set Heater Power" text scroll, hold the programming magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "\*p" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds (until the display starts to scroll "Setting Heater"). After scrolling "Setting Heater", the sensor will adjust the Heater power. The sequence should require about 2-minutes. When the cycle is complete, the display will revert to the "Set Heater Power" text scroll.

**NOTE**: If the sensor cannot adjust the heater power within 3 minutes an error message, "Can't set, Reverting to Default", will be scrolled. Refer to section 5 Troubleshooting Guide.

Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Set Heater Power" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 20 of 37



The current values for heater power and heater voltage can be observed in the "View Sensor Status" menu. The target heater power setting at 25C operating temperature is  $240 \pm 5$ mW. At the operating temperature extremes the observed heater power settings will vary according to the data below:

 $\begin{array}{ll} 50C & normal\ heater\ power\ range\ is\ 210\pm5mW \\ 0C & normal\ heater\ power\ range\ is\ 260\pm5mW \\ -20C & normal\ heater\ power\ range\ is\ 275\pm5mW \\ -40C & normal\ heater\ power\ range\ is\ 290\pm5mW \\ \end{array}$ 

#### 3.5.5 Signal Output Check

**Signal Output Check** provides a simulated 4-20mA output. This simulation allows the user to conveniently perform a functional system check of their entire safety system. This signal output simulation also aids the user in performing troubleshooting of signal wiring problems.

The menu item appears as: "Signal Output Check".

From the "Signal Output Check" text scroll, hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "" prompt appears and then hold continuously for an additional 10 seconds. Once initiated, the display will scroll "Simulation Active" until the function is stopped. During simulation mode, the 4-20mA value will be increased from 4.0mA to 20.0mA (in 1% of range increments at about a 1 second update rate) and then decreased from 20.0mA to 4.0mA.

**NOTE**: Signal Output Check stays active indefinitely until the user stops the function. There is no automatic timeout for this feature.

To end simulation mode, hold magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds. The display will either move to the prior menu item or move to the next menu item respectively.

Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds.

#### 3.5.6 Restore Factory Defaults

**Restore Factory Defaults** is used to clear current user configuration and calibration data from memory and revert to factory default values. This may be required if the settings have been configured improperly and a known reference point needs to be re-established to correct the problem.

This menu item appears as: "Restore Defaults".

**NOTE**: "Restoring Factory Defaults" should only be used when absolutely necessary. All previously existing configuration inputs will have to be re-entered if this function is executed. A full 10-second magnet hold on PGM 1 is required to execute this function.

From the "Restore Defaults" text scroll, hold the programming magnet over PGM1 until the "\ \ " prompt appears and continue to hold 10 seconds. The display will scroll "Restoring Defaults", and then will revert to the "Restore Defaults" text scroll.

Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Restore Defaults" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 21 of 37



Following the execution of "Restore Defaults", the TP-524D will revert to its factory default settings. The default settings are:

**NOTE**: The following *must* be performed in order before the sensor can be placed back into operation.

- $\triangleright$  Range = 100ppm. Range must be set appropriately by the operator (3.5.3).
- $\triangleright$  AutoSpan Level = 25ppm. AutoSpan level must be set appropriately by the operator (3.5.2).
- ➤ Heater Power: Heater Power settings are lost and "Set Heater Power" (3.5.4) must be performed before "AutoSpan".
- AutoSpan: AutoSpan Settings are lost and a successful "AutoSpan" must be performed before placing the Sensor into operation (3.4).

#### 3.5.7 Alarm 1 and 2 Settings

The TP-524D has the ability to set alarm levels that are displayed on the front of the sensor via the LED's ALM 1 and ALM 2. These alarm LEDs can be set as latching or non-latching. In non-latching mode, the LED is deactivated as soon as the sensor alarm condition is cleared. In latching mode, the LED remains active even after the alarm condition has cleared. Once activated, the LED can only be deactivated by swiping a magnetic programming tool above the PGM1 or PGM2 mark on the TP-524D face plate.

The alarm LEDs can be configured for ascending or descending mode. In ascending mode the LED will be activated when the concentration is *above* the alarm threshold. This is the most common mode of operation for the TP-524D. The alarm LEDs can also be activated in descending mode. In this mode, the alarm LEDs will activate when the concentration is *below* the alarm threshold.

The menu item appears as: "Alarm X Settings"

From the "Alarm X Settings" text scroll, hold the programming magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "▼" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds (until the display starts to scroll "Set Level"). The display will then switch to "XXX"(where XXX is the current alarm level in ppm). Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 to decrease or PGM1 to increase the alarm level until the desired level is displayed. Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value (until the display starts to scroll "Level Saved").

The display will scroll "Set Ascending", and then switch to "Yes" or "No". "Yes" indicates the LED is in ascending mode and "No" indicates the LED is in descending mode. Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 or PGM1 until the correct value is displayed. Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value.

The display will scroll "Set Latching", and then switch to "Yes" or "No". "No" indicates the LED is non-latching and "Yes" indicates the LED is latching. Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 or PGM1 until the correct value is displayed. Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value.

Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value (until the display starts to scroll "Saved"). Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Alarm X Settings" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 22 of 37



#### 3.5.8 Fault Settings

The TP-524D Fault LED can be configured to change state when the sensor experiences a fault condition. This LED can be configured as either latching or non-latching. In non-latching mode, the LED is deactivated as soon as the fault condition is cleared. In latching mode, the LED remains active even after the fault condition has cleared. Once activated, the LED can only be deactivated by swiping a magnetic programming tool above the PGM1 or PGM2 mark on the TP-524D face plate.

The menu item appears as: "Fault Settings"

From the "Fault Settings" text scroll, hold the programming magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 until the "▼" prompt appears and continue to hold the magnet in place for an additional 3-4 seconds. The display will scroll "Set Latching", and then switch to "Yes" or "No". "No" indicates the relay is non-latching and "Yes" indicates the relay is latching. Swipe the magnet momentarily over PGM2 or PGM1 until the correct value is displayed. Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value.

Hold the magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 3 seconds to accept the new value (until the display starts to scroll "Saved"). Move to another menu item by executing a momentary hold, or, return to Normal Operation via automatic timeout of about 15 seconds (the display will scroll "Fault Settings" 4 times and then return to Normal Operation).

# 3.6 Program Features

Teledyne Detcon TP-524D H<sub>2</sub>S gas sensors incorporate a comprehensive set of diagnostic features to achieve Fail-Safe Operation. These Operational features and Failsafe Diagnostic features are detailed below.

#### 3.6.1 Operational Features

#### Over-Range

When gas greater than the full-scale range is detected, the sensor display will continuously flash the full-scale reading (20, 50, 100ppm). This designates an over-range condition. The 4-20mA signal will report a 22mA output during this time.

#### **In-Calibration Status**

When the sensor is engaged in AutoSpan calibration, the 4-20mA output signal is taken to 2.0mA. This alerts the user that the sensor is not in an active measurement mode. This feature also allows the user to log the AutoSpan events via their master control system.

#### **Sensor Life**

Sensor Life is calculated after each AutoSpan calibration and is reported as an indicator of remaining service life. It is reported in the "View Sensor Status" menu. Sensor Life is reported on a scale of 0-100%. When Sensor Life falls below 25%, the sensor cell should be replaced within a reasonable maintenance schedule.

#### Last AutoSpan Date

This reports the number of days that have elapsed since the last successful AutoSpan. This is reported in the View Sensor Status menu. After 180 days, an AutoSpan Fault will be declared.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 23 of 37



#### 3.6.2 Fault Diagnostic/Failsafe Features

#### Fail-Safe/Fault Supervision

Model TP-524D MicroSafe<sup>TM</sup> sensors are designed for Fail-Safe operation. If any of the diagnostic faults listed below are active, the sensor display will scroll the message "Fault Detected" every 60 seconds during normal operation. At any time during "Fault Detected" mode, holding the programming magnet over PGM1 or PGM2 for 1 second will display the active fault(s). All active faults are reported sequentially.

Most fault conditions result in failed operation of the sensor. In these cases the 4-20mA signal is dropped to the universal fault level of 0mA. These include the AutoSpan Calibration faults, Heater Fault, Sensor Fault, Processor Fault, Memory Fault, Loop Fault, and Input Voltage Fault. (The 0mA fault level is not employed for a Temperature Fault, or during Calibration.)

**NOTE**: Refer to the Troubleshooting Guide, Section 5, for guidance on fault conditions.

#### Range Fault - AutoSpan

If the sensor fails the minimum signal change criteria during AutoSpan sequence (Section 3.4), the "Range Fault" will be declared. A "Range Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display and drop the 4-20mA output to 0mA. The sensor should be considered "Out-of-Service" until a successful AutoSpan calibration is performed.

#### Stability Fault - AutoSpan

If the sensor fails the signal stability criteria during AutoSpan sequence (Section 3.4), the "Stability Fault" will be declared. A "Stability Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display and drop the mA output to 0mA. The sensor should be considered as "Out-of-Service" until a successful AutoSpan calibration is performed.

#### Clearing Fault - AutoSpan

If the sensor fails the signal stability criteria during AutoSpan sequence (Section 3.4), the "Clearing Fault" will be declared. A "Clearing Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display and drop the mA output to 0mA. The sensor should be considered as "Out-of-Service" until a successful AutoSpan calibration is performed.

#### **Open Heater Fault**

If the sensor heater should fail and become electrically open, a "Heater Fault" will be declared. A "Heater Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If a Heater Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved.

#### **Open Sensor Fault**

If the sensor film should fail and become electrically open, a "Sensor Fault" is declared. A "Sensor Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If a Sensor Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved.

#### **Processor Fault**

If the detector has any unrecoverable run-time errors, a "Processor Fault" is declared. A "Processor Fault" will cause a "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If a Processor Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 24 of 37



#### **Memory Fault**

If the detector has a failure in saving new data to memory, a "Memory Fault" is declared. A "Memory Fault" will cause the "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If a Memory Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved.

#### 4-20mA Loop Fault

If the sensor detects a condition where the 4-20mA output loop is not functional (high loop resistance or failed circuit function) a "4-20mA Fault" is declared. A "4-20mA Fault" will cause the "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the ITM display. If a Loop Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved. If the 4-20mA current loop is still out of tolerance, contact Teledyne Detcon at detcon-service@teledyne.com, or contact Teledyne Detcon customer service.

#### **Input Voltage Fault**

If the detector is currently receiving an input voltage that is outside of the 11.5-28VDC range, an "Input Voltage Fault" is declared. An "Input Voltage Fault" will cause the "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If an Input Voltage Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal will be set at 0mA until the fault condition is resolved.

#### **Temperature Fault**

If the detector is reporting currently an ambient temperature that is outside of the -40°C to +75°C range, a "Temperature Fault" is declared. A "Temperature Fault" will cause the "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If a Temperature Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal remains operational.

### **AutoSpan Fault**

If 180 days has elapsed since the last successful AutoSpan, an AutoSpan Fault will be generated. An "AutoSpan Fault" will cause the "Fault Detected" message to scroll once a minute on the sensor display. If an AutoSpan Reminder Fault occurs, the 4-20mA signal remains operational.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 25 of 37



# 4. Service and Maintenance

#### **Calibration Frequency**

In most applications, monthly to quarterly span calibration intervals will assure reliable detection. However, industrial environments differ. Upon initial installation and commissioning, close frequency tests should be performed, weekly to monthly. Test results should be recorded and reviewed to determine a suitable calibration interval. If, after 180 days, an AutoSpan Calibration is not performed, the sensor will generate an AutoSpan Fault.

#### **Calibration/Bump Test Following Ingress Protection Events**

Although the Model TP-524D/624D detector models are designed for IP 66 Ingress Protection, it is a mandatory requirement from the ISA 92.00.01-2010 Performance Standard that this device requires that a gas bump test or span calibration is performed shortly after any event where the conditions of IP66 ingress have been presented to the detector. An example would be after an extreme wash-down event, or after sustained and concentrated dust exposure event. In these cases, the unit must be confirmed to be reading accurately before safe operation is restored.

**NOTE**: It is mandatory to bump test or span calibrate the detector following field situations where exposures to IP 66 level ingresses from dust or water have been presented.

#### **Visual Inspection**

The Sensor should be inspected annually. Inspect for signs of corrosion, pitting, and water damage. During visual inspection, the Splash Guard should be inspected to insure that it is not blocked. Examine the porous 316SS flame arrestor within the sensor's bottom housing for signs of physical blockage or severe corrosion. Also, inspect inside the Junction Box for signs of water accumulation or Terminal Block corrosion.

#### **Condensation Prevention Packet**

A moisture condensation packet should be installed in every explosion proof Junction Box. The moisture condensation prevention packet will prevent the internal volume of the J-Box from condensing and accumulating moisture due to day-night humidity changes. This packet provides a critical function and should be replaced annually. Teledyne Detcon's PN is 960-202200-000.

**NOTE:** A desiccant cap with a desiccant packet is attached to the sensor cell housing to avoid damage during storage and shipping. This prevents water from contacting the sensor film, and as a result helps to retain the stability of the factory span calibration.

**NOTE**: Store the desiccant caps with the desiccant packets in a sealed container (i.e. zip-lock bag) for future use. It is advisable (but not mandatory) to reinstall the desiccant cap and packet during prolonged periods without power (more than 1 day is considered "prolonged"). An active desiccant packet is blue in color and turns pink when consumed. (P/N 960-399800-000 Package of 10)

#### Replacement of H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor

**NOTE**: It is necessary to remove power while changing the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor in order to maintain area classification while the junction box cover is removed. Proper "Hot Permits" may apply.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 26 of 37



- a) Remove the junction box cover and remove the Transmitter Module from the Connector PCB.
- b) Remove the black, white, blue, and yellow wires coming from the H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor from the connector PCB.
- c) Unthread the H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor from the junction box and thread the new H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor onto the junction box.
- d) Connect the black, white, blue, and yellow wires from the new H<sub>2</sub>S sensor to the connector PCB.
- e) Reinstall the Transmitter Module, and the junction box cover.
- f) Perform "Set Heater Power (Section 3.5.4) to match the new H<sub>2</sub>S sensor with the Transmitter Module.
- g) Perform a successful AutoSpan to match the new H<sub>2</sub>S sensor with the Transmitter Module (Section 3.4).

#### Replacement of Transmitter Module

a) Remove the junction box cover and remove the Transmitter Module from the Connector PCB.

**NOTE**: It is necessary to remove power to the Junction Box while changing the Transmitter Module in order to maintain area classification.

- b) Plug the new Transmitter Module into the connector PCB, and reinstall the junction box cover.
- c) Perform Set Range, Set Heater Power, and Set AutoSpan Level then perform a successful AutoSpan before placing sensor assembly into operation.

#### Replacement of the Connector PCB

**NOTE**: It is necessary to remove power to the Junction Box while changing the Transmitter Module in order to maintain area classification.

- a) Remove the junction box cover and remove the Transmitter Module from the Connector PCB.
- b) Remove the black, white, blue, and yellow wires coming from the H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor from the connector PCB.
- c) Remove the output wiring from the connector PCB terminals labeled DC+, DC-, and MA.
- d) Remove the two 6-32 screws holding the Connector PCB to the base of the junction box, and remove the Connector PCB.
- e) Install the new Connector PCB using the two 6-32 screws removed in step d.
- f) Re-connect the output wiring to the terminals labeled DC+, DC-, and MA on the connector PCB,
- g) Reconnect the black, white, blue, and yellow wires from the H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor to the connector PCB.
- h) Reinstall the Transmitter Module, and the junction box cover.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 27 of 37



# 5. Troubleshooting Guide

Refer to the list of Failsafe Diagnostic features listed in Section 3.6.2 for additional reference in troubleshooting activities. Listed below are some typical trouble conditions and their probable cause and resolution path.

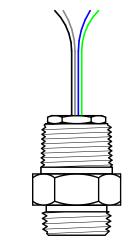


Figure 13 Replaceable H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor

#### **Open Heater**

Probable Cause: H<sub>2</sub>S sensor has failed

Remove H<sub>2</sub>S sensor wires from the Connector PCB and verify resistance between the black and white wires using an ohmmeter. At room temperature, the heater film's normal reading should range between 70 and 90 ohms.

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor if open circuit or significantly out-of range readings are found.

#### **Open Sensor**

Probable Cause: H<sub>2</sub>S sensor has failed

Remove H<sub>2</sub>S sensor wires from the Connector PCB and verify resistance between the blue and yellow wires using an ohmmeter. At room temperature, the sensor's normal reading range should be 100 K-ohms to 25 meg-ohms. Failure would be open circuit.

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor if an open circuit is found.

#### AutoSpan Calibration Faults - (Range, Stability, and Clearing)

To clear any AutoSpan Calibration fault, the AutoSpan process must be completed successfully (Section3.4).

#### Range Fault

Probable Causes: Failed Sensor, Cal Gas not applied or not applied at appropriate time, problems w/ cal gas and delivery, no Humidifying Tube used, failure to properly desiccant packet the sensor cell during extended power-off periods.

Check Heater Power Setting (should be  $240 \pm 5$ mW at 25°C ambient temperature).

Verify use of span gas Humidifying Tube.

Check validity of span gas using H<sub>2</sub>S pull tube or other means (check MFG date on cal gas cylinder).

Check for obstructions through stainless steel flame arrestor (including being wet, blocked, or corroded).

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor.



#### **Stability Fault**

Probable Causes: Failed Sensor, empty or close to empty Cal Gas Cylinder, problems with cal gas and delivery, or no Humidifying Tube used, failure to properly desiccant packet the sensor cell during extended power-off periods.

Check Heater Power Setting (should be  $240 \pm 5$ mW at 25°C ambient temperature).

Verify use of span gas Humidifying Tube.

Check validity of span gas using H<sub>2</sub>S pull tube or other means (check MFG date on cal gas cylinder).

Check for obstructions through stainless steel flame arrestor (including being wet, blocked, or corroded).

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor.

#### **Clearing Fault**

Probable Causes: Failed Sensor, Cal Gas not removed at appropriate time or problems with cal gas and delivery, presence of background H<sub>2</sub>S, or incorrect Heater Power Setting.

Must recover to < 8ppm in < 5 min after AutoSpan is complete

Use bottled air (zero air) if there is a known continuous H<sub>2</sub>S background level.

Verify use of span gas Humidifying Tube.

Check validity of span gas using H<sub>2</sub>S pull tube or other means (check MFG date on cal cylinder).

Check for obstructions through stainless steel flame arrestor (including being wet, blocked, or corroded).

Perform Heater Power Setting.

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor.

#### **Poor Calibration Repeatability**

Probable Causes: Failed Sensor, use of wrong Cal Gas or problems w/ cal gas and delivery, or Interference Gases

Check for adequate Sensor Life.

Check Heater Voltage Setting (should be 240±5mW at 25°C ambient temperature).

Verify use of span gas Humidifying Tube.

Check validity of cal gas using H<sub>2</sub>S pull tube or other means (check MFG date on cal cylinder).

Check for obstructions through stainless flame arrestor (including being wet, blocked, or corroded).

Evaluate area for presence of any contaminating gases as listed in Section 2.3.

Note the sensor's serial # and report repetitive problems to Teledyne Detcon 's Repair Department.

Replace the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor.

#### **Unstable Output/ Sudden spiking**

Possible Causes: Unstable power supply, inadequate grounding, or inadequate RFI protection

Verify Power source is stable.

Verify field wiring is properly shielded and grounded.

Contact Teledyne Detcon to optimize shielding and grounding.

Add Teledyne Detcon 's RFI Protection Circuit accessory if problem is proven RFI induced.

#### **Nuisance Alarms**

Check condulet for accumulated water and abnormal corrosion on terminal blocks.

If nuisance alarms are happening at night suspect condensation in condulet. Add or replace Teledyne Detcon 's Condensation Prevention Packet P/N 960-202200-000.

Investigate the presence of other target gases that are causing cross-interference erroneous readings.

Determine if cause is RFI induced.



#### Processor and/or Memory Faults

Recycle power in attempt to clear problem

Restore Factory Defaults - This will clear the processor's memory and may correct problem. Remember to reenter all customer settings for range and cal gas level after Restore Factory Defaults. If problem persists, replace the Plug-in Transmitter Module.

#### **Unreadable Display**

If due to excessive sunlight, install a sunshade to reduce glare.

#### Nothing Displayed - Transmitter not Responding

Verify condulet has no accumulated water or abnormal corrosion.

Verify required DC power is applied to correct terminals.

Swap with a known-good Transmitter Module to determine if Transmitter Module is faulty.

#### Faulty 4-20mA Output

If Sensor has a normal reading with no Faults displayed, and the 4-20 mA signal output is 0mA....

Check that wiring is properly connected at terminal blocks and through to controller inputs.

The 4-20mA output loop must be closed (resistance of < 1000 ohms) to avoid the Loop Fault.

Perform a "Signal Output Check" sequence via Section 3.5.5 and verify 4-20mA output with Current Meter. Swap with a known-good Transmitter Module to determine if the Transmitter Module's 4-20mA output circuit is faulty.

If the 4-20mA current loop is still out of tolerance, contact Teledyne Detcon at <u>detcon-service@teledyne.com</u>, or contact Teledyne Detcon customer service.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 30 of 37



# 6. Customer Support and Service Policy

Teledyne Detcon Headquarters

Shipping Address: 14880 Skinner Road, Cypress, Texas 77429

Phone: 713.559.9200

- www.teledynegasandflamedetection.com
- detcon-service@teledyne.com
- detcon-sales@teledyne.com

All Technical Service and Repair activities should be handled by the Teledyne Detcon Service Department via phone or email at contact information given above. RMA numbers should be obtained from the Teledyne Detcon Service Department prior to equipment being returned. For on-line technical service, customers should have ready the model number, part number, and serial number of product(s) in question.

All Sales activities (including spare parts purchase) should be handled by the Teledyne Detcon Sales Department via phone, fax or email at contact information given above.

#### **Warranty Notice**

Teledyne Detcon Inc. warrants the Model TP-524D  $H_2S$  gas sensor to be free from defects in workmanship of material under normal use and service for two years from the date of shipment on the transmitter electronics and for a 10 year conditional period on the  $H_2S$  sensor. See Warranty details in Section 7 TP-524D Sensor Warranty.

Teledyne Detcon Inc. will repair or replace without charge any such equipment found to be defective during the warranty period. Full determination of the nature of, and responsibility for, defective or damaged equipment will be made by Teledyne Detcon Inc. personnel.

Defective or damaged equipment must be shipped to the Teledyne Detcon Inc. factory or representative from which the original shipment was made. In all cases, this warranty is limited to the cost of the equipment supplied by Teledyne Detcon Inc. The customer will assume all liability for the misuse of this equipment by its employees or other contracted personnel.

All warranties are contingent upon the proper use in the application for which the product was intended and does not cover products which have been modified or repaired without Teledyne Detcon Inc. approval, or which have been subjected to neglect, accident, improper installation or application, or on which the original identification marks have been removed or altered.

Except for the express warranty stated above, Teledyne Detcon Inc. disclaims all warranties with regard to the products sold. Including all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness and the express warranties stated herein are in lieu of all obligations or liabilities on the part of Teledyne Detcon Inc. for damages including, but not limited to, consequential damages arising out of, or in connection with, the performance of the product.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 31 of 37



# 7. TP-524D Sensor Warranty

#### H<sub>2</sub>S Sensor Warranty

Teledyne Detcon Inc. warrants, under normal intended use, each new H<sub>2</sub>S sensor (PN 399-800000-000) for a ten year period under the conditions described as follows: The warranty period begins on the date of shipment to the original purchaser and ends ten years thereafter. The sensor element is warranted to be free of defects in material and workmanship. Should any sensor fail to perform in accordance with published specifications within the warranty period, return the defective part to Teledyne Detcon, Inc., 14880 Skinner Road, Cypress, Texas 77429, for necessary repairs or replacement.

First year No Charge

2<sup>nd</sup>-5<sup>th</sup> years \$ 25.00 handling charge 6th year \$ 60.00 handling charge 7th year \$ 90.00 handling charge 8th year \$120.00 handling charge 9th year \$150.00 handling charge 10th year \$180.00 handling charge

Warranty voided \$200.00 charge Non-warranty \$295.00 charge

**NOTE**: The warranty will not be honored if evidence shows that the sensor cell was damaged by moisture exposure due to improper handling and protection during periods of removed power or storage. The sensor cell must be protected during periods of removed power or storage by use of a Dust Cap (P/N 600-003307-000) and a Desiccant Packet (P/N 960-240010-000).

#### Terms & Conditions

- \* The original serial number must be legible on each sensor element base.
- \* Shipping point is FOB the Teledyne Detcon factory.
- \* Net payment is due within 30 days of invoice.
- \* Teledyne Detcon, Inc. reserves the right to refund the original purchase price in lieu of sensor replacement.

#### **Transmitter Module Warranty**

Teledyne Detcon Inc. warrants, under intended normal use, each new Transmitter Module to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of two years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser. From year 2-5, a fixed fee repair policy of \$65.00 is in effect. All warranties and service policies are FOB the Teledyne Detcon facility located in Cypress, Texas.

#### **Terms & Conditions**

- \* The original serial number must be legible on each ITM.
- \* Shipping point is FOB the Teledyne Detcon factory.
- \* Net payment is due within 30 days of invoice.
- \* Teledyne Detcon, Inc. reserves the right to refund the original purchase price in lieu of ITM replacement.

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 32 of 37



# 8. Appendix

# 8.1 Specifications

Sensor Type: Continuous diffusion/adsorption type

CHEMFET Solid State MOS type

Sensor Life: 5-10 years typical

Measuring Ranges: 0-20ppm, 0-50ppm, or 0-100ppm

Accuracy/ Repeatability:  $\pm$  2ppm or  $\pm$ 10% of applied gas (whichever is greater)

Response/clearing Time: T50 < 30 seconds, T80 < 60 seconds

Outputs: Linear 4-20mA DC

Electrical Classification: Explosion Proof

**CSAc** 

Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D (Tamb= -40°C to +40°C)

Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2

**CSAus** 

Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D (Tamb= -25°C to +40°C)

Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2

FM Approvals

Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D (Tamb=  $-40^{\circ}$ C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$  60°C)

**ATEX** 

EExd IIB+H2 T4 (Tamb=  $-40^{\circ}$ C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$  60°C)

Performance Approvals: ISA 92.00.01 Part I-2010;

**H2S Performance Requirements** 

Safety Approvals: CCSA<sub>US</sub> CSA/NRTL (US OSHA Certified)

FM ATEX

CW Marking

Ingress Protection: NEMA 4X, IP66

Applicable Standards CSA C22.2 No. 30-M1986

CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987

UL No. 916 UL No.1203 FM 3810 FM 3600 FM 3615 FM 6340

Warranty: Electronics – 2 years

Sensor – 10 year conditional



#### **Environmental Specifications**

Operating Temperature:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +75^{\circ}\text{C} (-40^{\circ}\text{F to } +167^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Storage Temperature: -35°C to +55°C (-31°F to +131°F)

Operating Humidity: 5-100% RH (Non-condensing)

Operating Pressure: Ambient  $\pm 10\%$ Air Velocity: 0-5 meters/second

#### **Mechanical Specifications**

Dimensions: 10"H (including Splashguard) x 6.1"W x 4.3"D

(254mmH x 155mmW x 109mmD)

3 each 3/4"NPT Female Input Ports

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" Mounting Holes (J-box) 5.5" (140mm) Center to Center.

Weight: 6 lbs. (2.72kg) (with aluminum j-box)

9 lbs. (4.08kg (with Stainless Steel j-box)

#### **Electrical Specifications**

Input Voltage: 12-28 VDC

Power Consumption: Normal operation = 68mA (<1.7 watt); Maximum = 85mA (2 watts)

RFI/EMI Protection: Complies with ISO 92.0.01

Analog Output: Linear 4-20mA DC current (1000 ohms maximum loop load @ 24VDC)

0mA All Fault Diagnostics 2mA In-Calibration 4-20mA 0-100% full-scale 22mA Over-range condition

Status Indicators: 4-digit LED Display with gas concentration,

full-script menu prompts for AutoSpan, Set-up Options, and Fault Reporting LEDs for Fault and Calibration

Faults Monitored: Heater Fault, Loop Fault, Input Voltage Fault, Sensor Fault,

Processor Fault, Memory Fault, Calibration Fault(s)

Cable Requirements: Power/Analog – 3-wire shielded cable

Maximum distance is 13,300 feet with 14 AWG



# 8.2 Spare Parts, Sensor Accessories, Calibration Equipment

Part Number	Spare Parts		
925-0154D0-100	TP-524D Plug-in Transmitter Module		
399-800000-000	Replacement H <sub>2</sub> S sensor		
500-005230-000	Standard Connector PCB		
960-202200-000	Condensation Prevention Packet (for J-Box replace annually)		
960-240010-000	Desiccant Protection Packet for Cell		
960-398800-000	H2S/MOS DRICAP w/desiccant (10 pack)		
	Sensor Accessories		
897-850800-000	NEMA 7 Aluminum Enclosure less cover – 3 port		
897-850400-000	NEMA 7 Aluminum Enclosure Cover (Blank)		
897-850801-316	NEMA 7 316SS Enclosure less cover – 3 port		
897-850401-316	NEMA 7 316SS Enclosure Cover (Blank)		
600-610000-000	Sensor Splashguard with integral Cal-Port		
943-002274-000	Harsh Location Dust guard		
327-000000-000	Programming Magnet		
600-003307-000	Dust Cap 7/8" Thread		
960-202200-000	Condensation Prevention Packet (for J-Box replace annually)		
960-240010-000	Desiccant Protection Packet for Cell		
960-398800-000	H2S/MOS DRICAP w/desiccant (10 pack)		
	Calibration Assessmin		
	Calibration Accessories		
985-241100-321	In-Line Humidifying Tube		
943-000006-038	Threaded Calibration Adapter		
943-020000-000	Span Gas Kit: Includes calibration adapter, In-Line Humidifying Tube, 200cc/min fixed flow regulator, and carrying case. (Does Not include gas).		
942-010112-010	Span Gas cylinder: 10ppm H <sub>2</sub> S in air (for 20ppm range)		
242 24242 222	Contains 58 liters of gas and is good for 80 calibrations		
942-010112-025	Span Gas cylinder: 25ppm H <sub>2</sub> S in air (for 50 and 100ppm ranges).		
0.42,000,007,502	Contains 58 liters of gas and is good for 80 calibrations		
943-090005-502	200cc/min Fixed Flow Regulator for span gas bottle		
Recommend Spare Parts for 2 Years			
925-0154D0-100	TP-524D Plug-in Transmitter Module		
399-800000-000	Replacement H <sub>2</sub> S sensor		
500-005065-007	Standard Connector PCB		
960-202200-000	Condensation prevention packet (for J-Box replace annually)		
960-399800-000	H2S/MOS DRICAP w/desiccant (10 pack)		

**NOTE**: FM Approvals require the product label to contain a marking to differentiate between the enclosure types. If the enclosure uses Teledyne Detcon 's aluminum enclosure, the product will be marked as "TP-524D". If the product uses Teledyne Detcon 's 316SS enclosure, the product will be marked as "TP-524DS". If the product uses the aluminum Killark enclosure, the product will be marked as "TP-524DK".

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 35 of 37



# 9. Revision Log

Revision	Date	Changes made	Approval
0.0	12/08/08	Initial Release	LBU
0.1	01/07/10	Changed part number for TP-524D transmitter, added	LU
		desiccant caps for TP sensor. (Section8.2)	
		Updated warranty policy, (Section 7)	
		Updated heater power settings (Section 3.5.4)	
		Updated cross interference gas (Table 1)	
0.2	04/12/11	Updated to include FM approvals related specifications	LU
0.3	04/23/12	Updated Section 6.2 and 8.2 Field Wiring, load resistor.	LU
0.4	10/31/13	Added setting LED Alarm Levels	LU
0.5	03/07/14	Add notation on use of desiccant pack with sensor cell	BM
0.6	07/21/17	Add CAUTION NOTE to bump/calibrate after IP66 events	BM
		and ISA 92.00.01-2010 Performance Test Update	
0.7	12/06/17	Updated Electrical Classification Approval Temperatures	BM
0.8	06/05/18	Updated Conduit Seal in Section 2.5	MM
0.9	01/22/20	Updated Company Information	MM
1.0	11/02/20	Updated company address	KM

TP-524D Instruction Manual Rev. 1.0 Page 36 of 37



This page left intentionally blank

Shipping Address: 14880 Skinner Road, Cypress, Texas 77429 Phone: 713.559.9200

 $\underline{http://www.teledynegasandflamedetection.com} \bullet \underline{detcon\text{-}sales@teledyne.com}$